

## JULIE NICOLA FRANGO

SEPTEMBER 17 (legislative day, SEPTEMBER 13), 1951.—Ordered to be printed

Mr. McCARRAN, from the Committee on the Judiciary, submitted the following

## REPORT

[To accompany S. 1199]

The Committee on the Judiciary, to which was referred the bill (S. 1199) for the relief of Julie Nicola Frangou, having considered the same, reports favorably thereon without amendment and recommends that the bill do pass.

## PURPOSE OF THE BILL

The purpose of the bill is to grant the status of permanent residence in the United States to Julie Nicola Frangou. The bill provides for an appropriate quota deduction and for the payment of the required visa fee and head tax.

## STATEMENT OF FACTS

The beneficiary of the bill is a 47-year-old native of Turkey and citizen of Greece who last entered the United States as a visitor on August 5, 1947. She is residing with a married daughter in Pawtucket, R. I., and works in a dress shop in that city. The daughter owns her own home and is able to support her mother in the event she should not be able to support herself.

A letter dated July 27, 1951, to the chairman of the Senate Committee on the Judiciary from the Deputy Attorney General with reference to the case reads as follows:

JULY 27, 1951.

Hon. PAT McCARRAN,  
*Chairman, Committee on the Judiciary,  
United States Senate, Washington, D. C.*

MY DEAR SENATOR: This is in response to your request for the views of the Department of Justice relative to the bill (S. 1199) for the relief of Julie Nicola Frangou, an alien.

The bill would provide that Julie Nicola Frangou shall be considered to have been lawfully admitted to the United States for permanent residence as of the

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MY DEAR SENATOR: This is in response to your request for the views of the Department of Justice relative to the bill (S. 1199) for the relief of Julie Nicola Frangou, an alien.

The bill would provide that Julie Nicola Frangou shall be considered to have been lawfully admitted to the United States for permanent residence as of the

date of its enactment, upon payment of the required visa fee and head tax. It would also direct the Secretary of State to instruct the proper quota-control officer to deduct one number from the appropriate immigration quota.

The files of the Immigration and Naturalization Service of this Department disclose that the alien, a citizen of Greece of the Greek race, was born in Izmir, Turkey, on April 15, 1904. Coming from Egypt, she entered the United States at the port of New York, via airplane, on August 5, 1947, when she was temporarily admitted under section 3 (2) of the Immigration Act of 1924 for a period of 4 months only after she had stated to the inspecting officials that her sole purpose in coming to this country was to visit her daughter, and that she would depart upon the completion of the period for which she was admitted. Notwithstanding this statement she has continued to remain in the United States, and secured four extensions of her temporary stay, the last of which expired on August 4, 1949. Her application for another 6 months' extension in July of 1949 was denied, and on November 2, 1949, she executed an application for adjustment of her status under section 4 of the Displaced Persons Act of 1948. That application was denied on the ground that the alien had resided in Egypt from 1936 until the time of her entry into this country, and that she is not unable to return to Egypt, the country of her last residence because of fear of persecution on account of her race, religion, or political opinions. On April 18, 1950, a warrant of arrest in deportation proceedings containing the charge that after admission as a visitor she has remained in the United States longer than permitted issued against her. After a hearing thereunder, the hearing officer found the warrant charge sustained and recommended that she be deported. Proceedings to enforce her departure, however, were ordered held in abeyance pending consideration of this bill.

The files further reflect that the alien resides with her married daughter in Pawtucket, R. I., and works in a dress shop in that city, earning \$32 a week. The daughter, who is the alien's only child, owns her home and apparently is able to support her mother in the event she should not be able to support herself. Mrs. Frangou's husband lives in Cairo, Egypt, and she claims that she is separated from him and contemplates obtaining a legal divorce.

The quota for Turkey, to which the alien is chargeable, is oversubscribed, and a quota immigration visa is not readily obtainable. In this respect, her case is similar to that of many other aliens who want to enter this country for permanent residence, but who are unable to do so due to the oversubscribed condition of the quotas to which they are chargeable. Her record presents no facts which would justify the enactment of special legislation granting her a preference over the many law-abiding aliens in Turkey, and other foreign countries, who are awaiting their turn for quota numbers.

Accordingly, the Department of Justice is unable to recommend the enactment of this bill.

Yours sincerely,

PEYTON FORD,  
Deputy Attorney General.

Senator Theodore Francis Green, the author of the bill, has submitted the following information in connection with the case:

PAWTUCKET, R. I., May 23, 1951.

Re Senate bill S. 1199, Julie Nikola Frangou.

SENATOR THEODORE FRANCIS GREEN,  
Senate Office Building, Washington, D. C.

DEAR SENATOR: Following is the information you requested in your letter dated May 2, 1951, which information must be submitted by Senator Green to the standing Subcommittee on Immigration and Naturalization of the Committee on the Judiciary:

*Question No. 1. The circumstances surrounding the entry of the person to the United States*

Mrs. Frangou entered the United States at LaGuardia Airport, Newport, August 5, 1947, under a visa issued by the American consulate in Egypt, for a temporary visit until December 1, 1947. Various extensions were given, the last of which has expired.

*Question No. 2. The present activities of such person*

She is employed as a machine operator in the Rayco Manufacturing Co., Pawtucket, R. I.

*Question No. 3. How such person is honestly earning a living, or whether dependent on some other person for support*

She is earning her living by employment above referred to and is not dependent on any other person for support.

*Question No. 4. Whether or not such person is engaged in any activities, political or otherwise, injurious to the American public interest*

She is not.

*Question No. 5. Has such person been convicted of an offense under any Federal or State law, and if so, what offense?*

She has not been convicted of any such offense.

I trust this will satisfy the requirements. Mrs. Frangou, her family and myself appreciate greatly your efforts on her behalf. Her pastor is circulating a petition signed by hundred of Greek citizens. Would this help?

Very sincerely yours,

RAYMOND F. HENDERSON,  
*Attorney at Law.*

The committee, after consideration of all the facts in the case, is of the opinion that the bill (S. 1199) should be enacted.



